**U.S. History Unit 1: God, Gold and Glory**

**SSUSH1 Compare and contrast the development of English settlement and colonization during the 17th Century.**

***a. Investigate how mercantilism and trans-Atlantic trade led to the development of colonies.***

1. Why did countries, such as England, need colonies?

2. What is Mercantilism?

3. Describe the Trans-Atlantic trade by explaining triangular trade.

***b. Explain the development of the Southern Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, impact of location and place, relations with American Indians, and economic development.***

2. Which English settlement is considered the first permanent colony in North America?

3. Who started the Jamestown colony and why?

4. What problems did the Jamestown colonists face?

5. Which group did the Jamestown colonists learn from that helped them to survive in the New World?

6. What "saved" the Jamestown colony economically?

7. What was the first elected legislature in North America?

8. Be able to explain the flow chart below

 tobacco cultivation -> indentured servants -> Bacon's Rebellion -> African Slavery

***c. Explain the development of the New England Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, impact of location and place, relations with American Indians, and economic development.***

9. Why are many settlers to the New England Colonies known as Separatists?

10. Explain the Puritan view of the Native American's and how this helped lead to King Phillip's War.

11. What was the connection between the church and government in the Massachusetts Bay Colony?

12. How did the Puritans establish a representative govt. in the Massachusetts Bay Colony?

13. Discuss each example of religious tension in the Mass. Bay Colony. (ex. Rhode Island)

***d. Explain the development of the Mid-Atlantic Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, impact of location and place, relations with American Indians, and economic development.***

14. What about New Amsterdam's location made it an important settlement and why is it now known as New York city?

15. Who founded the Pennsylvania Colony (leader and religious group)? How were they different from the Puritans?

**SSUSH2 Describe the early English colonial society and investigate the development of its governance.**

***a. Describe European cultural diversity including the contributions of different ethnic and religious groups.***

***b. Describe the Middle Passage, the growth of the African population and their contributions, including but not limited to architecture, agriculture, and foodways***.

16. Middle Passage –

17. How was African-American culture a new way of life created by the interaction of African, Native American, and European cultures?

**c. Describe different methods of colonial self-governance in the period of Salutary Neglect.**

18. How did Salutary Neglect ease the trade restrictions set forth from the Navigation Acts?

***d. Explain the role of the Great Awakening in creating unity in the colonies and challenging traditional authority.***

19. Describe what the Great Awakening was and be able to explain how it gave American's their own identity and how this will help lead to the eventual split from Great Britain.

**Unit One Vocabulary**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Mercantilism | Bacon’s Rebellion | Puritans | Quakers | Navigation Acts |
| Manufactured Goods | Jamestown | Half Way Covenant | New Amsterdam | Salutary Neglect |
|  | Indentured Servants | King Phillip’s War |  | Triangular Trade |
|  | Cash Crop | Plymouth |  | Middle Passage |
|  | Virginia Company | Salem Witch Trials |  |  |
|  | House of Burgesses | Great Awakening |  |  |